AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 15, 2010

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 28, 2010

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 27, 2010

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 11, 2010

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009–10 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1718

Introduced by Assembly Member Blumenfield (Coauthors: Assembly Members Huffman, Ma, Torres, and Yamada) (Coauthors: Senators Alquist and Correa)

February 2, 2010

An act to amend Sections *16181*, 16182, 16183, *16184*, *16185*, *16186*, *16190*, *16191*, *16192*, 16200, 16202, 16211, 16211.5, and 53684 of, and to repeal and add Sections 16180 and 16213 of, the Government Code, and to amend Sections 2505, 2515, *3698.5*, *3698.7*, *3793.1*, *4671*, *4671.3*, *4672.3*, *4673.4673.1*, *4674*, *4703*, *4703.2*, 20503, 20505, 20542, 20582, 20583, 20583.1, 20585, 20586, 20605, 20621, 20622, <del>20639.1</del>, <del>20639.6</del>, <del>20639.8</del>, <del>20639.9</del>, <del>20639.11</del>, 20640.1, 20640.3, 20640.4, 20640.6, 20640.8, 20640.9, 20640.11, 20641, <del>and 20643</del> 20641.5, 20589, 20590, <del>20591</del>, and 20645.6 of, to add Sections 20584.1, 20587, 20588, 20589, 20590, <del>20591</del>, and 20648 and 20591 to, to repeal Section 20623 of, to repeal Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 20625) and Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of, and to repeal and add Sections 2514 and 20602 of, the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation, making an appropriation therefor.

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## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1718, as amended, Blumenfield. Taxation: property tax postponement.

The Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Law, until February 20, 2009, authorized a claimant, as defined, to file a claim with the Controller to postpone the payment of ad valorem property taxes, where household income, as defined, did not exceed specified amounts. Existing law authorized the Controller, upon approval of the claim, to either make payment directly to specified entities, or to issue the claimant a certificate of eligibility that constituted a written promise of the state to pay the amount specified on the certificate, as provided. Existing law required these payments to be made out of a specified funds appropriated to the Controller, as specified, and also required repaid property tax postponement payments be transferred, as specified, to the General Fund.

This bill would revise and recast the provisions of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Law to, among other things, delete the Controller's authority, either to make payments directly to specified entities or to issue a property tax postponement payment on behalf of the claimant upon receipt of a specified verification from the county tax collector.

This bill would instead authorize the Controller to use moneys in the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund, a continuously appropriated fund that this bill would create, to make property tax postponement payments, as specified, or to pay costs incurred in administrating the program or the fund. By increasing the duties of local officials to administer the program, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill would require all sums paid by the Controller to be secured by a lien, which has priority over all other subsequently filed liens the same priority as a county tax lien, as described. This bill would require the Controller to prescribe a maximum annual postponement loan amount, and would require the Controller to annually calculate the interest rate to be applied to a deferral made on or after January 1, 2010 2012, as provided. This bill would require property tax postponement loan repayments, for all property tax postponement loans made after January 1, 2010 February 20, 2009, to be deposited into the fund. This bill would require the Controller to assess an annual fee of \$75 on each participant of the program for whom property taxes are deferred on or after January 1, 2010, and the proceeds

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of the fee to be deposited in the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund. By requiring moneys to be deposited within a continuously appropriated fund, this bill would make an appropriation.

This bill would also create the Property Tax Postponement Participating Local Agency Account, a trust account within the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund, and would require any moneys deposited in the fund by a county or city and county participating in the program to be held for in the account for 10 years from the date of their deposit. The bill would specify the annual interest rate applicable to moneys in the account. By requiring additional moneys to be deposited within a continuously appropriated fund, this bill would make an appropriation.

This bill would prohibit a mortgagee, trustee, or other person authorized to take sale on real property due to the mortgagor's or trustor's failure to pay property taxes from filing a notice of default for 5 years following the initiation of that authorization from the date on which the property taxes became delinquent, if the mortgagor or trustor provides evidence of participation in the property tax postponement program, as specified. The bill would require the Controller to provide specified program participants with written confirmation of participation for use as evidence.

This bill would also make conforming changes to the Senior Citizens Mobilehome Property Tax Postponement Law and the Senior Citizens Possessory Interest Holder Property Tax Postponement Law.

Existing law, on and after February 20, 2009, prohibits a person from filing a claim for postponement, and prohibits the Controller from accepting applications for postponement, under the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Law.

This bill would repeal that provision.

This bill would, for the 2009–10 and 2010–11 fiscal years, authorize the tax collector to cancel any delinquent penalties owed by the claimant for those fiscal years if a postponement claim is timely filed, as specified.

The Senior Citizens Tenant-Stockholder Property Tax Postponement Law authorizes a tenant-stockholder claimant, as defined, to file with the Controller a claim to postpone the payment of ad valorem property taxes, as specified.

This bill would repeal that law and make conforming changes to related provisions.

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The Senior Citizens Mobilehome Property Tax Postponement Law authorizes a mobilehome claimant, as defined, to file with the Controller a claim to postpone the payment of ad valorem property taxes, as specified.

This bill would repeal that law and make conforming changes to related provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
  - (a) Since 1977, the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Law has helped eligible elderly and disabled residents on fixed incomes remain in their homes by deferring payment of property taxes until the house is sold or ownership otherwise transferred.
  - (b) Suspension of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Law in February 2009 has exposed participants to possible default on property taxes in December 2009 and thereafter, and has heightened fears of home foreclosures.
  - (c) While counties may not force the sale of a home to collect on delinquent property taxes for five years, no similar delay applies to lenders that would protect the elderly and disabled who would have participated in the property tax deferral program established pursuant to the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Law had it not been suspended.
  - SEC. 2. Section 16180 of the Government Code is repealed.
- 19 SEC. 3. Section 16180 is added to the Government Code, to 20 read:
  - 16180. (a) The Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund is hereby created in the State Treasury. Notwithstanding Section 13340, moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the Controller, without regard to fiscal year, for use in accordance with this chapter.
- 26 (b) All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this 27 chapter and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 28 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), and Chapter 3.5 29 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of

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the Revenue and Taxation Code shall be payable solely from the fund. No liability or obligation shall be imposed upon the state, and none shall be incurred by the Controller, beyond those authorized by this chapter or Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), and Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

(c) The Controller may use moneys in the fund for either of the following purposes:

- (1) To make property tax payments on behalf of claimants pursuant to this chapter and Chapter 2 of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (2) To pay costs incurred in administering the program or the fund.
- (d) Any moneys deposited into the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund by a participating county or city and county shall be held in a trust account which is hereby created and titled the Property Tax Postponement Participating Local Agency Account. All moneys in the account shall be nonstate moneys, be exempt from subdivision (d), and shall be used exclusively by the Controller for the purpose specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c).
- (e) Deposits into the *Property Tax Postponement* Participating Local Agency Account shall not be subject to claim by the participating local agency until 10 years after the date of deposit into the account. The Controller shall credit to each subaccount in the account an annual interest rate equal to the 5 percent per annum or an amount calculated using the interest rate on the United States Treasury's 10-year bond note at the date of deposit plus 2 percent, whichever is higher which shall be repaid 10 years after the deposit date. If money in a subaccount is used for the purpose specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c), interest shall continue to be credited as provided in this subdivision.
- (f) Deposits into the *Property Tax Postponement* Participating Local Agency Account authorized by resolution of a county board of supervisors shall be deemed consistent with prudent financial management pursuant to Section 53637 of the Government Code, and a prudent investment of public funds pursuant to Sections 27000.3 and 27000.5 of the Government Code.

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(g) The aggregate amount deposited into the *Property Tax Postponement* Participating Local Agency Account shall not exceed thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) annually.

- (h) The Controller shall be responsible for maintaining the account and shall maintain a separate subaccount for each deposit made.
- (i) (1) Except for amounts appropriated by the Legislature for the Controller's costs to administer the program in its initial year, moneys deposited into this fund shall be from non-General Fund revenue sources and any repayment made to a participating local agency of any principal and interest shall be made exclusively from this fund and shall not be a General Fund obligation.
- (2) Property tax postponement payments repaid pursuant to the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement law Law as it existed on February 19, 2009, shall continue to be transferred to the General Fund.
- SEC. 4. Section 16181 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 16181. (a) The Controller shall maintain a record of all properties against which a notice of lien for postponed property taxes has been recorded. The record shall include, but not be limited to, the names of each claimant, a description of the real property against which the lien is recorded, the identification number of the notice of lien assigned by the Controller, and the amount of the lien.
- (b) The Controller shall maintain a record of all properties against which the Department of Housing and Community Development has been notified to withhold the transfer of title. The record shall include, but not be limited to, the names of each claimant, a description of the mobilehome against which a lien is charged, and the amount of the lien.
- (c) Upon written request of any person or entity, or the agent of either, having a legal or equitable interest in real property—or a mobilehome which is subject to a lien for postponed taxes, the Controller shall within 10 working days following receipt of the request issue a written statement showing the amount of the obligation secured by the lien as of the date of such statement and such other information as will reasonably enable the person or entity, or the agent of either, to determine the amount to be paid

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the Controller in order to obtain a certificate of release or discharge of the lien for postponed taxes.

(d) The Controller shall adopt regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter and may establish a reasonable fee, not to exceed ten dollars (\$10), for the provision of the statement of lien status provided for herein.

SEC. 4.

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- SEC. 5. Section 16182 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 16182. (a) All sums paid by the Controller under the provisions of this chapter, together with interest thereon, shall be secured by a lien in favor of the State of California upon the real property—or a mobilehome for which property taxes have been postponed, or both. In the case of a residential dwelling which is part of a larger parcel taxed as a unit, such as a duplex, farm, or multipurpose or multidwelling building, the lien shall be against the entire tax parcel. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, this lien shall have the same priority as a county property tax lien, as described in Section 2192.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
  - (b) In the case of real property:
- (1) The lien shall be evidenced by a notice of lien for postponed property taxes executed by the Controller, or the authorized delegate of the Controller, and shall secure all sums paid or owing pursuant to this chapter, including amounts paid subsequent to the initial payment of postponed taxes on the real property described in the notice of lien.
- (2) The notice of lien may bear the facsimile signature of the Controller. Each signature shall be that of the person who shall be in the office at the time of execution of the notice of lien; provided, however, that such notice of lien shall be valid and binding notwithstanding any such person having ceased to hold the office of Controller before the date of recordation.
- (3) The form and contents of the notice of lien for postponed property taxes shall be prescribed by the Controller and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (A) The names of all record owners of the real property for which the Controller has advanced funds for the payment of real property taxes.
- 39 (B) A description of the real property for which real property 40 taxes have been paid.

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 (C) The identification number of the notice of lien which has been assigned the lien by the Controller.

- (4) The notice of lien shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder for the county in which the real property subject to the lien is located.
- (5) The recorded notice of lien shall be indexed in the Grantor Index to the names of all record owners of the real property and in the Grantee Index to the Controller of the State of California.
- (6) After the notice of lien has been duly recorded and indexed, it shall be returned by the county recorder to the office of the Controller. The recorder shall provide the county tax collector with a copy of the notice of lien which has been recorded by the Controller.
- (7) From the time of recordation of a notice of lien for postponed property taxes, a lien shall attach to the real property described therein and shall have the priority of a judgment lien county tax lien, as described in Section 2192.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, for all amounts secured thereby, except that the lien shall remain in effect until either of the following occurs:
- (A) It is released by the Controller in the manner prescribed by Section 16186.
- (B) The foreclosure or sale of an obligation secured by a lien which is senior in priority to the lien of the State of California.
  - (c) In the case of mobilehomes:
- (1) The lien shall be evidenced by a notice of lien for postponed property taxes executed by the Controller, or the authorized delegate of the Controller, and shall secure all sums paid or owing pursuant to this chapter.
- (2) The notice of lien may bear the facsimile signature of the Controller. The signature shall be that of the person who is in the office at the time of execution of the notice of lien. However, the notice of lien is valid and binding notwithstanding the person having ceased to hold the office of Controller before the date of filing.
- (3) The form and contents of the notice of lien for postponed property taxes shall be prescribed by the Controller and shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
- (A) The name or names of the registered owner or owners, legal owner or owners, if different than the registered owner or owners and the names, if any, of all junior lienholders.

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(B) The identification number of the notice of lien which has been assigned the lien by the Controller.

- (4) The notice of lien shall be transmitted to the Department of Housing and Community Development at its office in Sacramento, California.
- (5) Upon receipt of the notice of lien for postponed property taxes from the Controller, the Department of Housing and Community Development shall amend the permanent title record of the mobilehome to reflect that the property taxes on the mobilehome are subject to postponement.
- (6) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall provide the Controller with an acknowledgment of receipt and amendment of the permanent title record.
- (7) From the time the Department of Housing and Community Development receives the notice of lien from the Controller, the department shall impose a moratorium on any other amendments to the permanent title record of the mobilehome for purposes of transferring any ownership interest or transferring or creating any security interest in the mobilehome, until released by the Controller in the manner prescribed by Section 16186 or an authorization for the amendments is given by the Controller in writing.
- (d) From the time of filing a notice of lien, a lien shall attach to the mobilehome for which eligibility for the postponement of property taxes has been granted.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, any action required of a local agency by this section in order to give effect to the Senior Citizens Mobilehome Property Tax Postponement Law (Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code), and that has been determined by the Commission on State Mandates to be a reimbursable mandate, shall be optional.
  - SEC. 5.

- 33 SEC. 6. Section 16183 of the Government Code is amended 34 to read:
  - 16183. (a) From the time a payment is made pursuant to Section 16180, the amount of that payment shall bear interest at a rate (not compounded), determined as follows:
- 38 (1) For the period ending June 30, 1984, the rate of interest shall be 7 percent per annum.
  - (2) The Controller shall establish for program participants a

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(2) For the period commencing on July 1, 1984, and ending on December 31, 2010, the Controller shall establish an adjusted rate of interest for the purpose of this subdivision not later than July 15 of any year if the effective annual yield of the Pooled Money Investment Account for the prior fiscal year is at least a full percentage point more or less than the interest rate which is then in effect. The adjusted rate of interest shall be equal per annum to the effective annual yield earned in the prior fiscal year by the Pooled Money Investment Account rounded to the nearest full percent, and shall become effective for new deferrals, beginning on July 1, 1984, and on July 1 of each immediately succeeding vear.

- (3) The rate of interest provided pursuant to this subdivision for the first fiscal year commencing after payment is made pursuant to Section 16180 shall apply for that fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter until these postponed property taxes are repaid.
- (4) For the period commencing January 1, 2011, the Controller shall establish for program participants a rate of interest equal to 7 percent per annum, unless a higher rate is calculated at the interest rate based on the United States Treasury's 10-year bond note at the time the Controller approves a participant's application plus 4 percent, rounded to the nearest full percent. The adjusted rate of interest shall be calculated no later than July 15 of any year. The interest rate shall become effective for new deferrals, beginning on January 1, 2010, and on January 1 of each immediately succeeding year.
- (3) For deferrals made prior to January 1, 2010, the rate of interest provided pursuant to this subdivision for the first year commencing after payment is made pursuant to Section 16180 shall apply for that fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter until those postponed property taxes are repaid.

(4)

- (5) For deferrals made on or after January 1,  $\frac{2010}{2012}$ , the rate of interest shall be adjusted annually, pursuant to paragraph  $\frac{(2)}{(4)}$ .
- (b) The interest provided for in subdivision (a) shall be applied beginning the first day of the month following the month in which that payment is made and continuing on the first day of each month thereafter until that amount is paid. In the event that any payments are applied, in any month, to reduce the amount paid pursuant to

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Section 16180, the interest provided for herein shall be applied to the balance of that amount beginning on the first day of the following month.

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- (c) In computing interest in accordance with this section, fractions of a cent shall be disregarded.
- (d) For the purpose of this section, the time a payment is made shall be deemed to be the date the Controller issues the property tax postponement payment to the county.
- (e) The Controller shall include on forms supplied to claimants pursuant to Sections 20621, 20630.5, 20639.9, 20640.9, and 20641 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, a statement of the interest rate which shall apply to amounts postponed for the fiscal year to which the form applies.
- (f) The Controller shall assess an annual fee of seventy-five dollars (\$75) to all claimants, as defined in Section 20505 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, approved to participate in the property tax postponement program and for whom property taxes are deferred on or after January 1, 2010.
- (g) Amounts collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund for expenditures in the manner provided in Section 16180.
- SEC. 7. Section 16184 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 16184. The Controller shall reduce the amount of the obligation secured by the lien against the real property or mobilehome by the amount of any payments received for that purpose and by notification of any amounts paid by the Franchise Tax Board pursuant to Section 20564 or by any amounts authorized pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 20621 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. The Controller shall also increase the amount of the obligation secured by such lien by the amount of any subsequent payments made pursuant to Section 16180 with respect to the real property and to reflect the accumulation of interest. All such increases and decreases shall be entered in the record described in Section 16181.
- Section 16181.
   SEC. 8. Section 16185 of the Government Code is amended to
   read:
- 39 16185. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 16182, 40 provided the interests of the state are adequately protected, the

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1 Controller may subordinate the lien for postponed real property 2 taxes where the Controller determines subordination is appropriate.

A recital in a certificate of subordination, executed by the Controller, recorded in the county wherein the notice of lien for postponed property taxes has been recorded, subordinating such lien to specifically identified liens or encumbrances shall be conclusive in favor of all persons or entities thereafter dealing with the real property.

A subordinated lien shall no longer maintain the same priority as a county property tax lien, as described in Section 2192.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and shall not be included in a tax-defaulted land sale price or distribution. The Controller's subordinated lien shall have the same priority as a judgment lien for the amount secured by that lien, except the lien shall remain in effect until either of the following occurs:

- (a) It is released by the Controller in the manner prescribed by Section 16186.
- (b) The foreclosure or sale of an obligation secured by a lien which is senior in priority to the lien of the state.
- SEC. 9. Section 16186 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 16186. If at any time the amount of the obligation secured by the lien for postponed property taxes is paid in full or otherwise discharged, the Controller, or the authorized delegate of the Controller, shall, *in the case of real property, do the following*:
  - (a) In the case of real property:

(1)

(a) Execute and cause to be recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county wherein the real property described in the lien is located, a release of the lien conclusively evidencing the satisfaction of all amounts secured by the lien. The cost of recording the release of the lien shall be added to and become part of the obligation secured by the lien being released.

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(b) Direct the tax collector to remove from the secured roll, the information required to be entered thereon by paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 2514 of the Revenue and Taxation Code with respect to the property described in the lien.

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(c) Direct the assessor to remove from the assessment records applicable to the property described in the lien, the information required to be entered on such records by Section 2515 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

(b) In the case of a mobilehome:

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- (1) Direct the tax collector to remove from the secured roll the information required to be entered thereon by paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 2514 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (2) Transmit a Release of Lien to the owner of the mobilehome or the owner's heirs or assigns. The owner, or the owner's heirs or assigns, shall transmit the Release of Lien, and a fee of six dollars (\$6), to the Department of Housing and Community Development. Upon receipt of the Release of Lien and the fee, the department shall terminate the restriction on the permanent title record as provided by Section 16182.
- SEC. 10. Section 16190 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 16190. All amounts owing pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 16180) of this chapter shall become due if any of the following occurs:
- (a) The claimant, who is either the sole owner or sole possessory interest holder of the residential dwelling, as defined in Section 20583 or Section 20640 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, or a coowner or copossessory interest holder with a person other than a spouse or other individual eligible to postpone property taxes pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of such code, ceases to occupy the premises as his residential dwelling, dies, or sells, conveys, or disposes of the property, or allows any tax or special assessment on the premises described in Section 20583 of such code to become delinquent. If the sole owner or possessory interest holder claimant dies and his or her surviving spouse inherits the premises and continues to own and occupy it as his or her principal place of residence, then the lien amount does not become due and payable unless taxes or special assessments described in the preceding sentence become delinquent, or such surviving spouse dies, or sells, conveys or disposes of the interest in the property.

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(b) The claimant, who is a coowner or copossessory interest holder of the residential dwelling, as defined in Section 20583 or Section 20640.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, with a spouse or another individual eligible to postpone property taxes pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of such code, dies, and the surviving spouse or other surviving eligible individual allows any tax or special assessment on the premises described in Section 20583 of such code to become delinquent or such surviving spouse or other individual ceases to occupy the premises as a residential dwelling, dies, or conveys, or disposes of the interest in the property.

- (c) The failure of the claimant to perform those acts the claimant is required to perform where such performance is secured, or will be secured in the event of nonperformance, by a lien which is senior to that of the lien provided by Section 16182.
- (d) Postponement was erroneously allowed because eligibility requirements were not met.
- SEC. 11. Section 16191 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 16191. The amounts paid pursuant to Section 16180 shall continue to draw interest but amounts owing pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 16180) of this chapter shall not become due and payable if any of the following occurs:
- (a) The claimant continues to own and occupy or hold the possessory interest and occupy the premises as a residential dwelling, but ceases to postpone property taxes pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20649), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and does not allow any tax or assessment against the premises, as described in Section 20583 of such code, to become delinquent.
- (b) The surviving spouse of a claimant continues to own and occupy or hold the possessory interest and occupy the premises as a residential dwelling, but is ineligible to postpone property taxes pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of

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the Revenue and Taxation Code, or elects not to postpone such taxes, and does not allow any tax or assessment against the premises, as described in Section 20583 of such code, to become delinquent.

(c) The surviving individual otherwise eligible to postpone property taxes pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code continues to own and occupy or hold the possessory interest and occupy the premises as a residential dwelling, but elects not to postpone the property taxes pursuant to such chapter, and does not allow any tax or assessment against the premises, as described in Section 20583 of such code, to become delinquent.

SEC. 12. Section 16192 of the Government Code is amended to read:

16192. If, at any time, a person meeting the requirements of subdivision (a) or (c) of Section 16191 elects, or any surviving spouse described in subdivision (b) of such section becomes eligible, or otherwise elects, to postpone property taxes pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, payments made pursuant to Section 16180 shall be added to the amount of the lien existing against the residential dwelling.

SEC. 6.

SEC. 13. Section 16200 of the Government Code is amended to read:

16200. In the event that the Controller receives the notice described in Section 16187 of this code or Section 3375 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the Controller may take any of the following actions which will best serve the interests of the state:

(a) Out of the amount appropriated by the Legislature or otherwise deposited into the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund, the Controller may pay the amount of any delinquent taxes, interest, or penalties on the property or the amount of any other obligation secured by a lien or encumbrance on the property and add such amount to the amount

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secured by the lien on such property provided for in Article 1 (commencing with Section 16180) of this chapter.

- (b) Notify by United States mail the tax collector or other party that such notice has been received and that the Controller must be given at least 20 days prior notice of the date that the property will be sold at auction. If the Controller elects to proceed under this subdivision, the Controller may use moneys in the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund, or from any appropriation in lieu thereof, to bid on the property at the auction up to the amount secured by the state's lien on the property and any lien on such property having priority over the state's lien. All additional amounts paid pursuant to this subdivision shall be added to the amount secured by the lien on such property provided for in Article 1 (commencing with Section 16180) of this chapter.
- (c) Acknowledge by United States mail that the notice required by Section 16187 of this code or Section 3375 of the Revenue and Taxation Code has been received.

<del>SEC. 7.</del>

SEC. 14. Section 16202 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- 16202. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the event that the state acquires an interest in real property pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 16200, the Controller may, in addition to the options provided in Section 16201, take any other action with respect to that real property interest as will best serve the interest of the state. These actions may include, but shall not be limited to, the sale, lease, or retention of any interest so acquired. The Controller may contract with licensed real estate brokers, maintenance and repair contractors, security contractors, appraisers, property managers, insurance brokers, and any other experts or specialists as may be necessary to protect or preserve the state's interest in that property. The Controller may pay the costs incurred pursuant to those contracts from moneys in the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund, or from any appropriation in lieu thereof.
- (b) The sale of those interests may be made on the basis of conventional financing arrangements including the securing of payment through the use of promissory notes, deeds of trust, and other accepted methods of deferred payment.

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1 SEC. 8.

SEC. 15. Section 16211 of the Government Code is amended to read:

16211. The claimant under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code whose residential dwelling was sold or condemned may draw upon the amount in the account to purchase a new residential dwelling, and the amount so drawn shall be secured by a new lien against the new residential dwelling from the time the Controller records the new lien against the new residential dwelling as provided for under Section 16182. In the case of real property, the new lien shall have the same priority as a county tax lien, as described in Section 2192.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

In the case of real property, the Controller shall subordinate the new lien to the lien of the note and deed of trust of the purchase money obligations used in the acquisition of the new residential dwelling, provided the claimant has an equity of at least 20 percent of the full value of the property, as required by paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 20583 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, prior to recordation of that subordination. The lien shall have priority over all subsequent liens, except as provided in Section 2192.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

SEC. 9.

SEC. 16. Section 16211.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:

16211.5. (a) In the event that the real property securing the state's lien provided for in Article 1 (commencing with Section 16180) is the residential dwelling of a claimant under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code and is voluntarily sold, the funds derived from the voluntary sale of the residential dwelling shall be placed in an impound account for a period of six months. In connection with the establishment of such account, the Controller shall release the state's lien in the manner prescribed by Section 16186.

38 (b) The claimant under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 39 20581) of Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation 40 Code whose residential dwelling was voluntarily sold may draw AB 1718 — 18—

1 upon the amount in the account to purchase a new residential dwelling, and the amount so drawn shall be secured by a new lien against the new residential dwelling from the time the Controller records the new lien against the new residential dwelling as provided for under Section 16182. The new lien shall have the same priority as a county tax lien, as described in Section 2192.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

The Controller shall subordinate such new lien to the note and deed of trust of the purchase money obligations used in the acquisition of the new residential dwelling, provided the claimant has an equity of at least 20 percent of the full value of the property, as required by paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 20583 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, prior to recordation of such subordination. Such lien shall have priority over all subsequent liens.

SEC. 10.

- SEC. 17. Section 16213 of the Government Code is repealed. SEC. 11.
- 19 SEC. 18. Section 16213 is added to the Government Code, to 20 read:
  - 16213. (a) For all property tax postponement loans made after January 1, 2010 on or after February 20, 2009, payments for amounts owed pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 16180) shall be deposited into the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Fund.
  - (b) For all property tax postponement loans made before December 31, 2009 February 20, 2009, payments for amounts owed pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 16180) shall be placed into an impound account, as specified in either Section 16210 or 16211.5, and shall be transferred to the General Fund at the end of the applicable six-month period.

SEC. 12.

- *SEC. 19.* Section 53684 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 53684. (a) Unless otherwise provided by law, if the treasurer of any local agency, or other official responsible for the funds of the local agency, determines that the local agency has excess funds which are not required for immediate use, the treasurer or other official may, upon the adoption of a resolution by the legislative or governing body of the local agency authorizing the investment

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of funds pursuant to this section and with the consent of the county treasurer, deposit the excess funds in the county treasury for the purpose of investment by the county treasurer pursuant to Section 16180, 53601, or 53635.

(b) The county treasurer shall, at least quarterly, apportion any interest or other increment derived from the investment of funds pursuant to this section in an amount proportionate to the average daily balance of the amounts deposited by the local agency and to the total average daily balance of deposits in the investment pool. In apportioning and distributing that interest or increment, the county treasurer may use the cash method, the accrual method, or any other method in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Prior to distributing that interest or increment, the county treasurer may deduct the actual costs incurred by the county in administering this section in proportion to the average daily balance of the amounts deposited by the local agency and to the total average daily balance of deposits in the investment pool.

- (c) The county treasurer shall disclose to each local agency that invests funds pursuant to this section the method of accounting used, whether cash, accrual, or other, and shall notify each local agency of any proposed changes in the accounting method at least 30 days prior to the date on which the proposed changes take effect.
- (d) The treasurer or other official responsible for the funds of the local agency may withdraw the funds of the local agency pursuant to the procedure specified in Section 27136.
- (e) Any moneys deposited in the county treasury for investment pursuant to this section are not subject to impoundment or seizure by any county official or agency while the funds are so deposited.
- (f) This section is not operative in any county until the board of supervisors of the county, by majority vote, adopts a resolution making this section operative in the county.
- (g) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to provide an alternative procedure to Section 51301 for local agencies to deposit money in the county treasury for investment purposes. Nothing in this section shall, therefore, be construed as a limitation on the authority of a county and a city to contract for the county treasurer to perform treasury functions for a city pursuant to Section 51301.

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SEC. 13.

SEC. 20. Section 2505 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

- 2505. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the tax collector or treasurer for any city or county may in his or her discretion accept negotiable paper in payment of any tax, or assessment, or on a redemption.
- (b) The tax collector of a county shall accept a property tax postponement payment from the Controller issued pursuant to Section 20602 to pay all or any part of any ad valorem property tax, special assessment, or other charge or user fee appearing on the county tax bill. The tax collector, treasurer, or other official charged with the duty of collecting taxes for a chartered city which levies and collects its own property taxes shall accept a property tax postponement payment from the Controller issued pursuant to Section 20602 to pay all or any part of any ad valorem property tax, special assessment, or other charge or user fee appearing on the tax bill of such city. A certificate for partial payment shall not be accepted unless accompanied by an amount sufficient to fully pay the remaining ad valorem property taxes, special assessment, or other charge or fee appearing on the respective tax bill installment.
- (c) Except as provided in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), or Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 20641) of Part 10.5 of Division 2, a certificate of eligibility shall not be used to pay any delinquent taxes, assessments, penalties, costs, fees, or interest, or any redemption charges.
- (d) For the 1978–79 fiscal year and thereafter, except as to those amounts which can be paid by a certificate pursuant to subdivision (c), the tax collector shall not accept a certificate of eligibility to pay all or part of any installment if tendered after the delinquency date thereof, unless accompanied by an amount sufficient to fully pay any delinquent taxes, assessments, costs, penalties, interest, fees or other charges resulting from the delinquency or delinquencies.
- (e) In no event shall a certificate of eligibility be accepted later than the expiration date designated thereon.

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1 SEC. 14.

2 SEC. 21. Section 2514 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is repealed.

4 SEC. 15.

SEC. 22. Section 2514 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:

2514. (a) Upon receipt of a property tax postponement payment from the Controller issued pursuant to Section 20602, the tax collector shall ascertain whether the amount of the property tax postponement from the Controller, when added to other amounts available for such purpose, is sufficient to pay the amount due and owing.

If such is the case, the tax collector or his or her designee shall process the property tax postponement payment from the Controller and mark the tax paid. Upon acceptance of the property tax postponement payment from the Controller:

- (1) The tax collector shall enter the fact that taxes on the property have been postponed in appropriate columns on the roll. In the case of the secured roll, this information may be entered in that portion of the roll that has been designated for tax default information required by Section 3439.
- (2) In the case of a property tax postponement payment issued pursuant to Section 20602, the tax collector shall determine if the property is subject to a property tax postponement lien recorded pursuant to Section 16182 of the Government Code. If the property is not subject to such a lien, the tax collector shall enter the address of the property, the name of the claimant, the county code, and the assessor's parcel number on a "notice of lien for postponed property taxes" form which shall be provided by the Controller. The tax collector shall thereafter forward the notice of lien form to the assessor.

(3)

(2) With respect to a claimant whose property taxes are paid by a lender from an impound, trust, or other type of account described in Section 2954 of the Civil Code, the tax collector shall notify the auditor of the claimant's name and address and the amount of the property tax postponement payment.

The auditor, treasurer, or disbursing officer shall send a check in the amount of the property tax postponement payment to the claimant within 30 days following the date on which the installment AB 1718 -22-

is paid by the lender or the property tax postponement payment is received from the Controller, whichever is later. claimant in accordance with Chapter 2.3 (commencing with Section 2780).

- (b) The procedures established by this chapter shall not be construed to require a lender to alter the manner in which a lender makes payment of the property taxes of such claimant.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, any action required of a local agency by this section in order to give effect to the Senior Citizens Mobilehome Property Tax Postponement Law (Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639) of Part 10.5 of Division 2), and that has been determined by the Commission on State Mandates to be a reimbursable mandate, shall be optional.

SEC. 16.

- SEC. 23. Section 2515 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 2515. (a) Upon receipt of a "notice of lien for postponed property taxes" from the tax collector, the assessor shall immediately:
- (1) Enter, on the notice of lien, a description of the real property for which the taxes have been paid by the Controller pursuant to Section 2514. Such description shall be a "metes and bounds," "lot-block-tract," or any other description as is determined by the Controller to sufficiently describe the real property for the purpose of securing the state's lien.
- (2) Enter on the notice of lien, the names of all record owners of the property described under subdivision (a), as disclosed by the assessor's records.
- (3) Upon entry of the information required by subdivisions (a) and (b) on the notice of lien, the assessor shall immediately forward the notice of lien to the county recorder.
- (4) Enter on the assessment records applicable to the property, the fact that the taxes on the property have been postponed and the Controller's identification number, and shall, when the record reveals a change in the ownership status of the property subsequent to the date of entry of the postponement information thereon, notify the Controller of the change in the ownership status in the manner prescribed by the Controller.
- (b) From the time of recordation of the notice of lien pursuant to Section 16182 of the Government Code, the lien for postponed

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property taxes shall be deemed to impart constructive notice of the contents thereof to subsequent purchasers, mortgagees, lessees, and other lienors.

- SEC. 24. Section 3698.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 3698.5. (a) Except as provided in Section 3698.7, the minimum price at which property may be offered for sale pursuant to this chapter shall be an amount not less than the total amount necessary to redeem, plus costs, on the redemption roll, and the total amount necessary to redeem, if any, the Controller's notice of lien for postponed property taxes. For purposes of this subdivision:
- (1) The "total amount necessary to redeem" is the sum of the following:
  - (A) The amount of defaulted taxes.
  - (B) Delinquent penalties and costs.
- 16 (C) Redemption penalties.
- 17 (D) A redemption fee.

- (2) "Costs" are those amounts described in subdivision (c) of Section 3704.7, subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 4112, Sections 4672, 4672.1, 4672.2, 4673, and subdivision (b) of Section 4673.1.
- (3) The "Controller's notice of lien for postponed property taxes" is the amount of all sums paid or owing pursuant to Section 16182 of the Government Code, including amounts paid subsequent to the initial payment of postponed property taxes on the real property described in the notice of lien for postponed property taxes.
- (b) This section shall not apply to property or interests that qualify for sale in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 3692.
- (c) Where property or property interests have been offered for sale at least once and no acceptable bids therefor have been received at the minimum price determined pursuant to subdivision (a), the tax collector may, in his or her discretion and with the approval of the board of supervisors, offer that same property or those interests at the same or next scheduled sale at a minimum price that the tax collector deems appropriate in light of the most current assessed valuation of that property or those interests, or any unique circumstance with respect to that property or those interests.

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1 SEC. 25. Section 3698.7 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 2 amended to read:

- 3698.7. (a) With respect to property for which a property tax welfare exemption has been granted and that has become tax defaulted, the minimum price at which the property may be offered for sale pursuant to this chapter shall be the higher of the following:
- (1) Fifty percent of the fair market value of the property. For the purposes of this paragraph, "fair market value" means the amount as defined in Section 110 as determined pursuant to an appraisal of the property by the county assessor within one year immediately preceding the date of the public auction. From the proceeds of the sale, there shall be distributed to the county general fund an amount to reimburse the county for the cost of appraising the property. The value of the property as determined by the assessor pursuant to an appraisal shall be conclusively presumed to be the fair market value of the property for the purpose of determining the minimum price at which the property may be offered for sale.
- (2) The total amount necessary to redeem, plus costs. For purposes of this paragraph:
- (A) The "total amount necessary to redeem" is the sum of the following:
  - (i) The amount of defaulted taxes.
- (ii) Delinquent penalties and costs.
  - (iii) Redemption penalties.
- (iv) A redemption fee.
- (B) "Costs" are those amounts described in subdivision (c) of Section 3704.7, subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 4112, Sections 4672, 4672.1, 4672.2, and 4673, and subdivision (b) of Section 4673.1.
- (C) The "Controller's notice of lien for postponed property taxes" is the amount of all sums paid or owing pursuant to Section 16182 of the Government Code, including amounts paid subsequent to the initial payment of postponed property taxes on the real property described in the notice of lien for postponed property taxes.
- 37 (b) This section shall not apply to property or interests that 38 qualify for sale in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 39 (b) and (c) of Section 3692.

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(c) Where property or property interests have been offered for sale at least once and no acceptable bids therefor have been received, the tax collector may, in his or her discretion and with the approval of the board of supervisors, offer that property or those interests at the next scheduled sale at a minimum price that the tax collector deems appropriate.

- SEC. 26. Section 3793.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 3793.1. (a) The sales price of any property sold under this article shall include, at a minimum, the amounts of all of the following:
- (1) All defaulted taxes and assessments, and all associated penalties and costs *on the redemption roll*.
- (2) Redemption penalties and fees incurred through the month of the sale.
  - (3) All costs of the sale.

- (4) An amount necessary to redeem the Controller's notice of lien for postponed property taxes, current as of the month of the sale.
- (b) If the property or property interests have been offered for sale under the provisions of Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3691) at least once and no acceptable bids therefor have been received, the tax collector may, in his or her discretion and with the approval of the board of supervisors, offer that property or those interests at a minimum price that the tax collector deems appropriate.
- (c) The board of supervisors may permit a nonprofit organization to purchase property or property interests by way of installment payments.
- SEC. 27. Section 4671 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 4671. As used in this chapter, "taxes" includes all liens determined by the application of an ad valorem tax rate which were, at the time of declaration of default, included in the amount necessary to redeem the property *on the redemption roll* under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 4101) of Part 7.
- 37 SEC. 28. Section 4671.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 38 amended to read:
- 39 4671.3. As used in this chapter, "assessments" includes all liens other than taxes which were, at the time of declaration of

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default, included in the amount necessary to redeem the property on the redemption roll under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 4101) of Part 7, and included in the amount necessary to redeem the property from sale to any taxing agency entitled to share in the proceeds.

- SEC. 29. Section 4672.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 4672.3. (a) To reimburse the county for the costs of a personal contact, there shall be distributed to the tax collector a sum equal to the total amount of costs of the tax collector, but not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100), incurred in conducting the personal contact pursuant to Section 3704.7, for all or any portion of each separately valued parcel of real property subject to a power of sale and sold to private parties or a taxing agency.
- (b) The amount of the costs shall be paid from the total amount to be distributed from the sold property, after satisfaction of the amount specified in Section 4672 Sections 4672, 4672.1, and 4672.2. If, after satisfaction of the amount specified in Section 4672 those sections, there is insufficient funds to pay the costs specified in subdivision (a), the costs shall be reduced accordingly.
- SEC. 30. Section 4673 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 4673. (a) Amounts to reimburse the county for the cost of advertising sales of tax-defaulted property shall be distributed to the county general fund as provided in Section 3719.
- (b) The amount of the cost of advertising the sales shall be paid from the total amount to be distributed from the sold property, after satisfaction of the amount specified in Sections 4672, 4672.1, 4672.2, and 4672.3. If, after satisfaction of the amount specified in those sections, there are insufficient funds to pay the costs specified in subdivision (a), the costs shall be reduced accordingly.
- SEC. 31. Section 4673.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 4673.1. After satisfaction of the amount specified in Sections 4672, 4672.1, 4672.2, 4672.3, and 4673, the proceeds shall be distributed as follows:
- (a) An amount of the proceeds up to but no greater than the amount required, at the time of sale, to redeem the property from tax default *on the redemption roll* and the sale to any taxing agency entitled to share in the proceeds shall be distributed as follows:

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(1) A pro rata share shall be distributed to each assessment fund in an amount bearing the same proportion as the assessment due each fund bears to the total amount of taxes and assessments necessary to redeem the property at the time of sale.

- (2) The remaining balance of the proceeds to be distributed under this section shall be distributed to each tax fund in an amount bearing the same proportion to the balance remaining as the tax rate for each fund bears to the total tax rate applicable to the property for the fiscal year preceding that in which the property was sold.
- (b) After satisfaction of the amounts specified in subdivision (a), an amount of the proceeds necessary to satisfy current taxes and assessments and applicable penalties and costs thereon for the fiscal year in which the tax sale is held shall be distributed as provided in Chapter 1a (commencing with Section 4653) of this part. Current taxes and assessments referred to herein include taxes and assessments which would have been levied on the property if the property were not tax-deeded to any taxing agency and remains subject to sale by, or redemption from, the taxing agency.
- (c) After satisfaction of the amounts specified in subdivisions (a) and (b), an amount required, at the time of the sale, to redeem the Controller's notice of lien for postponed property taxes.
- SEC. 32. Section 4674 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 4674. Any excess in the proceeds deposited in the delinquent tax sale trust fund remaining after satisfaction of the amounts distributed under Sections 4672, 4672.1, 4672.2, 4672.3, 4673, and 4673.1 shall be retained in the fund on account of, and may be claimed by parties of interest in the property as provided in, Section 4675. At the expiration of one year following the recordation of the tax deed to the purchaser, any excess proceeds not claimed under Section 4675 shall be distributed as provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 4673.1, except prior to the distribution, the county may deduct those costs of maintaining the redemption and tax-defaulted property files, and those costs of administering and processing the claims for excess proceeds, that have not been recovered under any other provision of law.
- 39 SEC. 33. Section 4703 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 40 amended to read:

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4703. In each county that elects to adopt the procedure authorized by this chapter there is hereby created a tax losses reserve fund.

- (a) The tax losses reserve fund shall be used exclusively, as hereinafter provided, to cover losses that may occur in the amount of tax liens on the redemption roll as a result of special sales of tax-defaulted property. Whenever in any year the amount of the tax losses reserve fund has reached an amount equivalent to 1 percent of the total of all taxes and assessments levied on the secured roll for that year for participating entities in the county, the amounts hereinafter authorized to be credited to that fund may, for the remainder of that year, be credited to the county general fund.
- (b) The auditor and treasurer shall keep apportioned tax resources accounts in a manner that the balance of amounts apportioned to funds on an accrual basis shall be known by both officers. In addition, the auditor shall keep secured taxes receivable accounts in a manner as to establish accountability for the amounts receivable on the secured tax rolls. Secured tax rolls, as used in this chapter, include delinquent rolls prescribed by Section 2627.

SEC. 34. Section 4703.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

4703.2. (a) In any county electing to follow the procedure authorized by this chapter, the board of supervisors may, by October 31 of any fiscal year, on the recommendation of the county auditor, adopt a resolution electing to be governed by this section rather than the provisions of Section 4703. Upon adoption, a copy of this resolution shall be filed with the county auditor, the county treasurer, and the county tax collector. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, this election shall remain in effect each fiscal year unless the board of supervisors adopts another resolution by October 31 of a fiscal year electing to be governed instead by Section 4703. For the 1993–94 fiscal year only, the election to be governed by this section rather than Section 4703 may be made no later than January 15, 1994. For the 1994-95 fiscal year only, an election to be governed by this section rather than Section 4703 may be rescinded, upon the recommendation of the county auditor, by a resolution electing governance under Section 4703 that is adopted by the board of supervisors on any date during that fiscal year.

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- (b) In each county that elects to adopt the procedure authorized by this chapter and elects to be governed by this section rather than Section 4703 there shall be created a tax losses reserve fund.
- (c) The tax losses reserve fund shall be used exclusively, as hereinafter provided, to cover losses that may occur in the amount of tax liens on the redemption roll as a result of special sales of tax-defaulted property. In a county electing to be subject to this section rather than Section 4703, the tax losses reserve fund shall be maintained at not less than 25 percent of the total delinquent secured taxes and assessments for participating entities in the county as calculated at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the fiscal year, amounts in the tax losses reserve fund that are in excess of 25 percent of the total delinquent secured taxes and assessments for participating entities in the county may be credited to the county general fund.
- (d) The auditor and treasurer shall keep apportioned tax resources accounts in such a manner that the balance of amounts apportioned to funds on an accrual basis shall be known by both officers. In addition, the auditor shall keep secured taxes receivable accounts in such a manner as to establish accountability for the amounts receivable on the secured tax rolls. Secured tax rolls as used in this chapter include delinquent rolls prescribed by Section 2627.
  - SEC. 17.

- SEC. 35. Section 20503 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20503. (a) "Income" means adjusted gross income as defined in Section 17072 plus all of the following cash items:
- (1) Public assistance and relief.
  - (2) Nontaxable amount of pensions and annuities.
- 31 (3) Social security benefits (except Medicare).
- 32 (4) Railroad retirement benefits.
- 33 (5) Unemployment insurance payments.
- 34 (6) Veterans' benefits.
- 35 (7) Exempt interest received from any source.
- 36 (8) Gifts and inheritances in excess of three hundred dollars (\$300), other than transfers between members of the household.
- 38 Gifts and inheritances include noncash items.
- 39 (9) Amounts contributed on behalf of the contributor to a 40 tax-sheltered retirement plan or deferred compensation plan.

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(10) Temporary workers' compensation payments.

2 (11) Sick leave payments.

- 3 (12) Nontaxable military compensation as defined in Section 4 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (13) Nontaxable scholarship and fellowship grants as defined in Section 117 of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (14) Nontaxable gain from the sale of a residence as defined in Section 121 of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (15) Life insurance proceeds to the extent that the proceeds exceed the expenses incurred for the last illness and funeral of the deceased spouse of the claimant. "Expenses incurred for the last illness" includes unreimbursed expenses paid or incurred during the income calendar year and any expenses paid or incurred thereafter up until the date the claim is filed. For purposes of this paragraph, funeral expenses shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
  - (16) If an alternative minimum tax is required to be paid pursuant to Chapter 2.1 (commencing with Section 17062) of Part 10, the amount of alternative minimum taxable income (whether or not cash) in excess of the regular taxable income.
  - (17) Annual winnings from the California Lottery in excess of six hundred dollars (\$600) for the current year.
  - (b) For purposes of this chapter, total income shall be determined for the calendar year (or approved fiscal year ending within that calendar year) which ends within the fiscal year for which assistance is claimed.

SEC. 18.

SEC. 36. Section 20505 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

20505. For purposes of this chapter, "claimant" means an individual who was either (1) 62 years of age or older on the last day of the calendar year or approved fiscal year designated in subdivision (b) of Section 20503, or (2) blind or disabled, as defined in Section 12050 of the Welfare and Institutions Code on the last day of the calendar year or approved fiscal year designated in subdivision (b) of Section 20503, who was a member of the household, and who was either: (1) the owner and occupier of a residential dwelling on the last day of the year designated in subdivision (b) of Section 20503, or (2) the renter of a rented residence on or before the last day of the year designated in

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subdivision (b) of Section 20503. An individual who qualifies as an owner-claimant may not qualify as a renter-claimant for the same year.

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SEC. 37. Section 20542 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

20542. (a) The Franchise Tax Board, pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 (commencing with Section 20561), of this chapter, shall provide assistance to the claimant based on a percentage of the property tax accrued and paid by the claimant on the residential dwelling as provided in Section 20543 or the statutory property tax equivalent pursuant to Section 20544. In case of an owner-claimant, the assistance shall be equal to the applicable percentage of property taxes paid on the full value of the residential dwelling up to, and including, thirty-four thousand dollars (\$34,000). No assistance shall be allowed for property taxes paid on that portion of full value of a residential dwelling exceeding thirty-four thousand dollars (\$34,000). No assistance shall be provided if the amount of the assistance claim is five dollars (\$5) or less.

- (b) For purposes of allowing assistance provided for by this section:
- (1) (A) Only one owner-claimant from one household each year shall be entitled to assistance under this chapter. When two or more individuals of a household are able to meet the qualifications for an owner-claimant, they may determine who the owner-claimant shall be. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to the Franchise Tax Board and its decision shall be final.
- (B) When two or more individuals pay rent for the same premises and each individual meets the qualifications for a renter-claimant, each qualified individual shall be entitled to assistance under this part.

For the purposes of this subparagraph, a husband and wife residing in the same premises shall be presumed to be one renter.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3), the right to file a claim shall be personal to the claimant and shall not survive his death; however, when a claimant dies after having filed a timely claim, the amount thereof may be disbursed to the surviving spouse and, if no surviving spouse, to any other member of the household who is a qualified claimant. If there is no surviving spouse or otherwise

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qualified claimant, the claim shall be disbursed to any other member of the household. In the event two or more individuals 3 qualify for payment as either an otherwise qualified claimant or a 4 member of the household, they may determine which of them will be paid. If they are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred to 5 the Franchise Tax Board and its decision shall be final. 6

- (3) If, after January 1 of the property tax fiscal year for which a claim may be filed, a claimant dies without filing a timely claim, a claim on behalf of such claimant may be filed by the surviving spouse within the filing period prescribed in subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 20563.
- (4) If an individual postponed taxes for any given property tax fiscal year under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581); Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 20625), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), then any claim for assistance under this chapter for the same property tax fiscal year shall be filed by such individual (assuming all other eligibility requirements in this chapter are satisfied) and not an otherwise qualified member of the individual's household.

SEC. 19.

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- SEC. 38. Section 20582 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20582. Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions given in this chapter shall govern the construction of Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 20641).

SEC. 20.

- SEC. 39. Section 20583 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 32 20583. (a) "Residential dwelling" means a dwelling occupied 33 as the principal place of residence of the claimant, and so much 34 of the land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the 35 dwelling as a home, owned by (1) the claimant, (2) the claimant and the claimant's spouse, (3) the claimant and parents, children 36 (natural or adopted), or grandchildren of either the claimant or the 38 claimant's spouse, (4) the claimant and the spouse of any parent, 39 child (natural or adopted), or grandchild of either the claimant or 40 the claimant's spouse, or (5) the claimant and another individual

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eligible for postponement under this chapter and located in this state. It shall include condominiums—and mobilehomes that are assessed as realty for local property tax purposes. It also includes part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and a part of the land upon—which it is built. In the case of a mobilehome not assessed as real property that is located on land owned by the claimant, "residential dwelling" includes the land on which the mobilehome is situated and so much of the land surrounding it as reasonably necessary for use of the mobilehome as a home. It shall also include a dwelling unit that is a mobilehome owned by a claimant subject to property taxation pursuant to Part 13 (commencing with Section 5800) of Division 1 and located on land that is owned or rented by the claimant. which it is built. It also includes a mobilehome that is attached to a permanent foundation and assessed as real property.

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- (b) As used in this chapter in reference to ownership interests in residential dwellings, "owned" includes (1) the interest of a vendee in possession under a land sale contract provided that the contract or memorandum thereof is recorded and only from the date of recordation of the contract or memorandum thereof in the office of the county recorder where the residential dwelling is located, (2) the interest of the holder of a life estate provided that the instrument creating the life estate is recorded and only from the date of recordation of the instrument creating the life estate in the office of the county recorder where the residential dwelling is located, but "owned" does not include the interest of the holder of any remainder interest or the holder of a reversionary interest in the residential dwelling, (3) the interest of a joint tenant or a tenant in common in the residential dwelling or the interest of a tenant where title is held in tenancy by the entirety or a community property interest where title is held as community property, and (4) the interest in the residential dwelling in which the title is held in trust, as described in subdivision (d) of Section 62, provided that the Controller determines that the state's interest is adequately protected.
- (c) For purposes of this chapter, the registered owner of a mobilehome *attached to a permanent foundation and assessed as real property* shall be deemed to be the owner of the mobilehome.

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(d) Except as provided in subdivision (c), ownership must be evidenced by an instrument duly recorded in the office of the county where the residential dwelling is located.

- (e) "Residential dwelling" does not include any of the following:
- (1) Any residential dwelling in which the owners do not have an equity of at least 30 percent of the full value of the property as determined for purposes of property taxation or at least 30 percent of the fair market value as determined by the Controller and where the Controller determines that the state's interest is adequately protected. The 30-percent equity requirement shall be met at the time the claimant or authorized agent files an initial postponement claim and for each subsequent year of participation thereafter prior to the Controller issuing payment as prescribed in Section 20602.
- (2) Any residential dwelling in which the claimant's interest is held pursuant to a contract of sale or under a life estate, unless the claimant obtains the written consent of the vendor under the contract of sale, or the holder of the reversionary interest upon termination of the life estate, for the postponement of taxes and the creation of a lien on the real property in favor of the state for amounts postponed pursuant to this act.
- (3) Any residential dwelling on which the claimant does not receive a secured tax bill.
- (4) Any residential dwelling in which the claimant's interest is held as a possessory interest, except as provided in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640).

26 SEC. 21.

- *SEC. 40.* Section 20583.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 29 20583.1. For purposes of Section 20583, "residential dwelling" 30 shall not include houseboats and floating homes.

31 SEC. 22.

- 32 SEC. 41. Section 20584.1 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 20584.1. The Controller shall prescribe a maximum annual postponement loan amount.

36 SEC. 23.

- 37 SEC. 42. Section 20585 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 39 20585. Postponement shall not be allowed under this chapter,

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(commencing with Section 20640) if household income exceeds either *any* of the following amounts:

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- (a) For the 1976 calendar year or for any approved fiscal year commencing within that calendar year, household income shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).
- (b) For all subsequent calendar years and approved fiscal years, postponement shall not be allowed under this chapter, Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) if household income exceeds an amount determined as follows:
- (1) On or before March 1 of each year, the California Department of Industrial Relations shall transmit to the Controller the percentages of increase in the California Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers and in the California Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers of December of the prior calendar year over December of the preceding calendar year.
- (2) The Controller shall compute an inflation adjustment factor by adding 100 percent to the larger of the California Consumer Price Index percentage increases furnished pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (3) In 1978, the Franchise Tax Board shall multiply twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) by the inflation adjustment factor to determine the maximum allowable gross household income for the 1977 calendar year and for approved fiscal years commencing within that calendar year. In 1979 and subsequent calendar years through and including 1983, the Controller shall multiply the maximum allowable household income determined for the preceding calendar year by the inflation adjustment factor to determine the maximum allowable household income for the applicable calendar year and approved fiscal years commencing within that calendar year. In determining the maximum allowable household income pursuant to this section, the Controller shall round that amount to the nearest hundred dollar amount.
- (c) For calendar year 1984 and subsequent calendar years and for approved fiscal years commencing within those years, postponement shall not be allowed under this chapter, Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), if household income exceeds an amount determined as follows:

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(1) For claimants who filed and qualified in the calendar year 1983 and for whom postponement has been allowed for each subsequent calendar year up to and including the calendar year 2007, thirty-four thousand dollars (\$34,000). For these same claimants, for the calendar year 2008 or for any approved fiscal year commencing within that calendar year, household income shall not exceed thirty-five thousand five hundred dollars (\$35,500).

- (2) For all other claimants, for calendar years up to and including 2006, household income shall not exceed twenty-four thousand dollars (\$24,000). For these same claimants, for the 2007 calendar year or for any approved fiscal year commencing within that calendar year, household income shall not exceed thirty-one thousand five hundred dollars (\$31,500). For these same claimants, for the 2008 calendar year or for any approved fiscal year commencing within that calendar year, household income shall not exceed thirty-five thousand five hundred dollars (\$35,500).
- (3) (A) For all claimants for the calendar year 2009 2010 or for any approved fiscal year commencing within that calendar year, postponement shall not be allowed under this chapter, Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), if household income exceeds thirty-five thousand five hundred dollars (\$35,500).
- (B) For the 2010 2011 calendar year and each subsequent calendar year, and for any approved fiscal year commencing within that calendar year, the household income amount specified in subparagraph (A) shall be adjusted for inflation, in accordance with an inflation factor determined pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (b).

SEC. 24.

*SEC. 43.* Section 20586 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

20586. (a) For the purposes of Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), and Chapter 3.5 Section 20581) and Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), only one claimant per household each year shall be entitled to postponement. When two or more individuals in a household are qualified as claimants, they may determine who the claimant shall be. Such decision is irrevocable. If the

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- 1 individuals are unable to agree, the matter shall be determined by 2 the Controller and his or her decision shall be final.
- 3 (b) Except as provided in Section 16190 of the Government Code and, notwithstanding any law, any amounts paid by the Controller in the county during a calendar year pursuant to the property tax postponement program together with any accrued interest shall be repaid by the claimant to the state no later than June 30 of the year following the expiration of the 10-year period.
- 9 A claimant's continued participation in the program shall be conditioned upon compliance with this subdivision.

SEC. 25.

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- 12 SEC. 44. Section 20587 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 20587. (a) For the purposes of this chapter, "income" means adjusted gross income as defined in Section 17072 plus all of the following cash items:
- 17 (1) Public assistance and relief.
- 18 (2) Nontaxable amount of pensions and annuities.
- 19 (3) Social security benefits (except Medicare).
- 20 (4) Railroad retirement benefits.
- 21 (5) Unemployment insurance payments.
- 22 (6) Veterans' benefits.
- 23 (7) Exempt interest received from any source.
- 24 (8) Gifts and inheritances in excess of three hundred dollars (\$300), other than transfers between members of the household. Gifts and inheritances include noncash items.
  - (9) Amounts contributed on behalf of the contributor to a tax-sheltered retirement plan or deferred compensation plan.
    - (10) Temporary workers' compensation payments.
    - (11) Sick leave payments.
- 31 (12) Nontaxable military compensation as defined in Section 32 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 33 (13) Nontaxable scholarship and fellowship grants as defined 34 in Section 117 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 35 (14) Nontaxable gain from the sale of a residence as defined in Section 121 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 37 (15) Life insurance proceeds to the extent that the proceeds 38 exceed the expenses incurred for the last illness and funeral of the 39 deceased spouse of the claimant. "Expenses incurred for the last 40 illness" includes unreimbursed expenses paid or incurred during

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the income calendar year and any expenses paid or incurred thereafter up until the date the claim is filed. For purposes of this paragraph, funeral expenses shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

- (16) If an alternative minimum tax is required to be paid pursuant to Chapter 2.1 (commencing with Section 17062) of Part 10, the amount of alternative minimum taxable income (whether or not cash) in excess of the regular taxable income.
- (17) Annual winnings from the California Lottery in excess of six hundred dollars (\$600) for the current year.
- (b) The total household income shall not include amounts deducted for a net business loss, net rental loss, net capital loss, or other net losses, amounts deducted for depreciation, or other noncash expenses.
- (c) For purposes of Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581) and Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), total income shall be determined for the calendar year ending immediately prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which postponement is claimed.

20 SEC. 26.

- SEC. 45. Section 20588 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 20588. "Household income" means all income received by all persons of a household while members of the household. In the case of a nonresident claimant, "household income" also includes all income of the claimant during the year without regard to source. SEC. 27.
- SEC. 46. Section 20589 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 20589. (a) "Claimant" means an individual who is either of the following:
- (1) For purposes of this chapter was either (1) 62 years of age or older on the last day of the calendar year or approved fiscal year designated in subdivision (b) or Section 20587, or (2) blind or disabled, as defined in Section 12050 of the Welfare and Institutions Code on the last day of the calendar year or approved fiscal year designated in subdivision (b) of or Section 20587, who was a member of the household, and who was (1) the owner and occupier of a residential dwelling on the last day of the year designated in subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 20503, or (2) the

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renter of a rented residence on or before the last day of the year designated in subdivision (b) of Section 20503. An individual who qualifies as an owner-claimant may not qualify as a renter-claimant for the same year.

- (2) (A) For purposes of this chapter, Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), and Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) was a member of the household and either an owner-occupant, or a possessory interestholder occupant, or a mobilehome owner-occupant, as the case may be, of the residential dwelling as to which postponement is claimed and who was 62 years of age or older by December 31 of the fiscal year for which postponement is claimed.
- (B) For purposes of this chapter, Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), and Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) was a member of the household and an owner-occupant of the residential dwelling as to which postponement is claimed and who was blind or disabled, as defined in Section 12050 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, at the time of application or on December 10 of the fiscal year for which postponement is claimed, whichever is earlier.
- (b) Where amounts have been postponed for any given fiscal year and the claimant continues to own and occupy the residential dwelling on December 31 of the calendar year in which the fiscal year begins, and the claimant sells the dwelling and buys a new residential dwelling in this state on or before December 31 of the following fiscal year and the new dwelling is the claimant's principal place of residence, then in that event, the claimant shall be deemed to be a qualified claimant for the purpose of this section. These regulations shall become effective immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State.

31 SEC. 28.

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- SEC. 47. Section 20590 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 20590. "Household" includes the claimant and all other persons, except bona fide renters, minors, or students (as defined by Section 151(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code), whose principal place of residence is the residential dwelling of the claimant.
- 38 <del>SEC. 29.</del>
- 39 SEC. 48. Section 20591 is added to the Revenue and Taxation 40 Code, to read:

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20591. (a) A claimant shall not lose his or her eligibility for property tax postponement if he or she is temporarily confined to a hospital or medical institution for medical reasons where the residential dwelling was the principal place of residence of the claimant immediately prior to the confinement.

(b) For purposes of this section, "medical institution" means a facility operated by, or licensed by, the United States, one of the several states, a political subdivision of a state, the State Department of Health Care Services, or exempt from such licensure pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 1312 of the Health and Safety Code.

12 SEC. 30.

SEC. 49. Section 20602 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is repealed.

SEC. 31.

*SEC. 50.* Section 20602 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:

20602. (a) Upon approval of a claim described in Section 20601, the the Controller shall determine if the property is subject to a property tax postponement lien recorded pursuant to Section 16182 of the Government Code.

- (1) If the property is subject to a property tax postponement lien, the county tax collector shall provide the Controller the amount of the claimant's property taxes due.
- (2) If the property is not subject to a property tax postponement lien, the Controller shall notify the county tax collector, who shall enter the address of the property, the name of the claimant, the county code, and the assessor's parcel number on a notice of lien for postponed property taxes, on a form which shall be provided by the Controller. The county tax collector shall then forward the notice to the assessor. The county tax collector shall provide verification that the "notice of lien for postponed property taxes" has been filed in a manner prescribed by the Controller and shall provide to the Controller the amount of the claimant's taxes due.
- (b) Upon receipt of the verification amount of the claimant's taxes due and the verification of the notice of lien for postponed property taxes required by subdivision (a), the Controller shall issue a property tax postponement payment on behalf of a qualified claimant in a manner prescribed by the Controller.

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(c) The Controller shall be indemnified from any losses that result from the inaccurate filing of the "notice of lien for postponed property taxes" by the county tax collector, assessor, or county recorder.

SEC. 32.

- SEC. 51. Section 20605 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20605. (a) The postponement of property taxes pursuant to this chapter shall not affect the obligation of a borrower to continue to make payments to a lender with respect to an impound, trust, or other type of account described in Section 2954 of the Civil Code which was established prior to the effective date of subdivision (b).
- (b) Except where required by federal law-or regulation, regulation, rule, or program, and notwithstanding Sections 7153.2 and 7153.8 of the Financial Code, or in the case of a loan which is made, guaranteed, or insured by a federal government lending or insuring agency requiring the borrower to make payments to a lender with respect to an impound, trust, or other type of account described in Section 2954 of the Civil Code, or where this subdivision would impair the obligations of a loan agreement executed prior to the effective date of this subdivision, no lender shall require a borrower to maintain an impound, trust or other type of account with regard to taxes once such borrower has elected to postpone such taxes pursuant to this chapter and has first submitted to such lender evidence of tax postponement. Any payments made by such borrower, prior to the time of submission of such evidence of tax postponement, to such an impound, trust or other type of account with regard to taxes for any such period, if not previously used in payment or partial payment of such taxes, shall be refunded to such borrower within 30 days thereafter.
- (c) (1) A mortgagee, trustee, or other person authorized to take sale on real property due to the mortgagor's or trustor's failure to pay property taxes shall not file notice of default for five years following the initial authorization to take sale if the mortgagor or trustor provides evidence of participation in the property tax postponement program established pursuant to Section 16180 of the Government Code.
- (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), no lender shall require a borrower to maintain an impound, trust, or other type of account

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with regard to taxes for a borrower who provides evidence of participation in the property tax deferral program. sale shall not file a notice of default based solely on a mortgagor's failure to pay property taxes, until at least five years have elapsed from the date on which the property taxes became delinquent, if the mortgagor or trustor provided the mortgagee, trustee, or other person authorized to take sale evidence of his or her participation in the Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Program during the 2008–09 fiscal year.

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 (2) Written confirmation from the Controller identifying the individual as a participant in the program *during the 2008–09 fiscal year* shall be considered evidence of participation in the property tax postponement program for purposes of this section. The Controller shall provide written notice to individuals that participated in the program during 2008 or 2009 the 2008–09 fiscal year for use as evidence of participation.

SEC. 33.

- *SEC.* 52. Section 20621 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20621. Each claimant applying for postponement under Article 2 (commencing with Section 20601) shall file a claim under penalty of perjury with the Controller on a form supplied by the Controller. The claim shall contain all of the following:
- (a) Evidence acceptable to the Controller that the person was a "senior citizen claimant" or a "blind or disabled claimant."
- (b) A statement showing the household income for the period set forth in Section 20503.
- (c) A statement describing the residential dwelling in a manner that the Controller may prescribe.
- (d) The name of the county in which the residential dwelling is located and the address of the residential dwelling.
- (e) The county assessor's parcel number applicable to the property for which the claimant is applying for the postponement of property taxes.
- (f) Documentation evidencing the current existence of any abstract of judgment, federal tax lien, or state tax lien filed or recorded against the applicant, and any recorded mortgage or deed of trust that affects the subject residential dwelling, for the purpose of determining that the claimant possesses a 30-percent equity in

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the subject residential dwelling as required by paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) of Section 20583.

- (g) Authorization for the Controller to pay the claimant's property taxes, if approved, and promising repayment of the loan as provided by Section 16190 of the Government Code.
- (h) Other information required by the Controller to establish eligibility.
  - SEC. 34.

- SEC. 53. Section 20622 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20622. (a)—The claim for postponement shall be filed after July 1 of the calendar year in which the fiscal year for which postponement is claimed begins, and on or before September 30 of that fiscal year; if September 30 falls on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the date is extended to the next business day. Any claim for postponement filed after September 30, and on or before June 30, may be considered for good cause.
- (b) Any claims for postponement for the 2009–10 fiscal year shall be filed after the effective date of the act adding this section and on or before April 9, 2010.
- SEC. 35.
- 22 SEC. 54. Section 20623 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is repealed.
- 24 SEC. 36.
- SEC. 55. Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 20625) of Part
   10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is repealed.
  - SEC. 37. Section 20639.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
  - 20639.1. (a) Unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise provided in this chapter, the definitions given in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581) shall govern the construction of this chapter.
  - (b) Unless the context otherwise dictates or unless otherwise provided in this chapter, the provisions of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 101) and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 155) of Part 1 of Division 1 of this code, Section 2931c of the Civil Code, Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 14735) of Part 5.5 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 16180) of Part 1 of Division 4 of Title

2 of the Government Code, Division 13 (commencing with Section

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- 1 17000) of the Health and Safety Code, and Division 9
- 2 (commencing with Section 9101) of the Commercial Code shall
- be applicable to property tax postponements made pursuant to this
   chapter.
- 5 SEC. 38. Section 20639.6 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 7 20639.6. (a) Upon receipt of the information described in 8 Section 20639.9, the Controller shall determine whether the state's 9 interest would be adequately protected if postponement is granted, and, if so, the Controller shall issue a property tax postponement payment as provided by Section 20602.
- 12 (b) The Controller shall secure a lien against the mobilehome 13 that is sufficient to secure the state's interest in loan repayment.
  - SEC. 39. Section 20639.8 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
  - 20639.8. The claim for postponement shall be filed pursuant to Section 20622.
- 18 SEC. 40. Section 20639.9 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 19 is amended to read:
- 20 20639.9. Each claimant applying for postponement under this chapter shall file a claim under penalty of perjury as provided by Section 20621. A claim filed under this chapter shall also include both of the following:
  - (a) A copy of the Certificate of Title issued by the Department of Housing and Community Development or the certificate of ownership issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles.
  - (b) A copy of the registration card issued by the Department of Housing and Community Development or the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- 30 SEC. 41. Section 20639.11 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20639.11. All amounts postponed pursuant to this chapter shall
   become due and payable as provided by Sections 16180 and 16190
   of the Government Code.
- 35 SEC. 56. Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639) of 36 Part 10.5 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 37 repealed.
- 38 SEC. 42.

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- 39 SEC. 57. Section 20640.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code
- 40 is amended to read:

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20640.1. (a) Unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise provided in this chapter, the definitions given in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581) shall govern the construction of this chapter.

(b) Unless the context otherwise dictates or unless otherwise provided in this chapter, the provisions of Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Civil Code Section 2924b, Civil Code Section 2931c, Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 14735) of Part 5.5 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 16180) of Part 1 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code shall be applicable to property tax postponements made pursuant to this chapter.

SEC. 43.

SEC. 58. Section 20640.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

20640.3. A claimant is an individual who does all of the following:

- (a) Holds a right to a possessory interest pursuant to a validly recorded instrument conveying such possessory interest for a term of years no less than 45 years beyond the last day of the calendar year ending immediately prior to the fiscal year for which taxes are initially postponed.
- (b) Occupies as a principal place of residence the residential dwelling affixed to such possessory interest real property on the last day of the year designated in subdivision (c) of Section 20503.
- (c) Satisfies the requirements specified in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 20589.

SEC. 44.

*SEC.* 59. Section 20640.4 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

- 20640.4. (a) Subject to the limitations provided in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), or this chapter, a claimant may file with the Controller, a claim for postponement of a sum equal to, but not exceeding the amount of property taxes, for the fiscal year for which the claim is made.
- (b) Upon verification of the eligibility requirements set forth in Section 20640.9 the Controller shall mail the claimant a Notice of Election to Postpone which shall be in the form and contain such information as the Controller may prescribe. Accompanying the notice shall be a statement explaining that in order for the claimant

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to postpone all or part of the property taxes, the Notice of Election to Postpone must be mailed to the Controller with a copy of the instrument creating the possessory interest, said copy to be certified by the county recorder of the county in which such real property is located. Where a memorandum of lease has been recorded in lieu of such instrument, a certified copy of said memorandum shall accompany the copy of the instrument creating the possessory interest.

- (c) (1) Except as provided in this section, any possessory interest or improvement on which property taxes are delinquent at the time the application for postponement under this chapter is made or on which any other property tax or special assessment imposed by a special district or other tax code area are delinquent at the time the application for postponement under this chapter is made shall not be eligible for postponement.
- (2) For 1978–79 and thereafter, any taxes or assessments which became delinquent after the claimant was 62 and before a lien is established pursuant to Section 16182 of the Government Code shall not disqualify an otherwise eligible claimant for postponement under this chapter. An application to postpone taxes for 1978–79 or thereafter also constitutes an application for postponement of all such delinquent taxes and assessments, together with any penalties, interest, fees, or other charges resulting from such delinquency and such amounts shall, unless otherwise paid by the claimant, be paid out of the amount appropriated by Section 16100 of the Government Code and shall be added to and become part of the obligation secured by the lien provided by Section 16182 of the Government Code.
- (d) The Controller shall mail to claimant for due execution the appropriate security instrument for claimant's form of lease, including the consent to assignment required by Section 20640.5(b).

SEC. 45.

- SEC. 60. Section 20640.6 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20640.6. (a) Upon receipt of the information described in Section 20640.4 and Section 20640.5, the Controller shall determine whether the state's interest would be adequately protected if postponement is granted, and if so, shall issue a property tax postponement payment as provided by Section 20602.

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- 1 (b) The Controller shall secure a lien against the possessory 2 interest that is sufficient to secure the state's interest in loan 3 repayment.
- 4 SEC. 46.
- 5 SEC. 61. Section 20640.8 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 6 is amended to read:
- 7 20640.8. The claim for postponement shall be filed pursuant 8 to Section 20622.
- 9 SEC. 47.
- 10 SEC. 62. Section 20640.9 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 11 is amended to read:
- 20640.9. Each claimant applying for postponement under this chapter shall file a claim under penalty of perjury pursuant to Section 20621.
- 15 SEC. 48.
- 16 SEC. 63. Section 20640.11 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 20640.11. All amounts postponed pursuant to this chapter shall become due and payable as provided by Sections 16180 and 16190 of the Government Code.
- 21 SEC. 49.
- 22 SEC. 64. Section 20641 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 23 amended to read:
- amended to read:
   24 20641. Forms filed pursuant to this part shall not be under oath
- but shall contain, or be verified by, a written declaration that they are made under the penalty of perjury. All forms filed pursuant to
- 27 Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 20501) shall require such
- 28 information as the Franchise Tax Board may from time to time
- 29 prescribe, and shall be filed with the Franchise Tax Board. The
- 30 Franchise Tax Board shall prepare blank forms for the claimant
- and shall distribute them throughout the state and furnish them upon application. All forms filed pursuant to Chapter 2
- 33 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with
- 34 Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640),
- 35 shall require such information as the Controller may from time to
- time prescribe, shall be filed with the Controller, and the Controller
- 37 shall prepare such blank forms for the claimant and shall distribute
- 38 them throughout the state and furnish them upon application.
- 39 SEC. 65. Section 20641.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code

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- 1 20641.5. If the Controller determines that good cause exists,
- 2 a reasonable extension for filing a claim under Chapter 2
- 3 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3 (commencing with
- 4 Section 20625), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639),
- 5 or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640) may be granted.
- However, no extension shall be granted beyond the fiscal year forwhich postponement is claimed.
  - SEC. 50.

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- SEC. 66. Section 20643 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 11 20643. If any claimant fails or refuses to furnish any information requested in writing by the Franchise Tax Board,
- pursuant to this part, Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 20501),
- 14 or by the Controller, pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with
- 15 Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639),
- 16 or Chapter 3.5 Section 20581) or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with
- 17 Section 20640) or files a fraudulent claim, the assistance or postponement authorized by this part shall be disallowed.
  - SEC. 51. Section 20648 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
  - 20648. For the 2009–10 and 2010–11 fiscal years, if a postponement claim is filed under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640), the tax collector may cancel any delinquent penalties and interest owed by the claimant for those fiscal years.
  - SEC. 67. Section 20645.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 29 20645.5. If a postponement claim under Chapter 2 30 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with
- 31 Section 20639), or Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 20640)
- 32 is filed timely but before delinquency date of the first or second
- 33 installment of property taxes, then any delinquent penalties and
- 34 interest for such fiscal year shall be canceled unless the failure to
- 35 perfect the claim was due to willful neglect on the part of the
- 36 claimant or representative. In the event of such willful neglect, the
- 37 certificates of eligibility for such fiscal year can be used to pay
- 38 delinquent taxes only if accompanied by sufficient amounts to pay
- 39 the delinquent interest and penalties.

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1 SEC. 68. Section 20645.6 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 2 is amended to read:

2 is amended to read:

20645.6. If the Controller denies a postponement claim under

Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 20581), Chapter 3

(commencing with Section 20625), Chapter 3.3 (commencing with Section 20640), and such denial is reversed after appeal pursuant to Section 20645.1, the Controller shall issue a warrant to the claimant, if the taxes for the fiscal year have been paid, for the amount of such taxes. If the taxes for the fiscal year are delinquent, any resulting

11 penalties or interest shall be canceled.